Chemistry 115 Name

Dr. Cary Willard

Quiz 6a (20 points) October 22, 2013

1. (4 points)How does an orbit differ from an orbital?

An orbit refers to the circular path that was originally proposed for an electrons location. An orbital is the refinement of that theory that instead proposes that an electron exists in a particular region in space called an orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 4d orbital?

Only 2 electrons can occupy any orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 5p sublevel?

6 electrons can occupy a p sublevel.

1. (4 points) What is the complete electron configuration of an atom of phosphorous?

1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p3

1. (4 points) What is the shorthand electron configuration of an atom of technetium (Tc)?

[Kr] 5s2 4d5

1. (4 points) How does atomic size change as you move across the periodic table to the right? What is the explanation for this change?

The sizes of the atoms decrease as you move across the periodic table to the right. This is because the effective nuclear charge increases due to the increase in the number of protons in the nucleus. These protons are not effectively shielded so the outermost electrons tend to feel most of their charge.

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Dr. Cary Willard

Quiz 6b (20 points) October 22, 2013

1. (4 points)How does an orbit differ from an orbital?

An orbit refers to the circular path that was originally proposed for an electrons location. An orbital is the refinement of that theory that instead proposes that an electron exists in a particular region in space called an orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 5p orbital?

Only 2 electrons can occupy any orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 4d sublevel?

10 electrons can occupy a d sublevel.

1. (4 points) What is the complete electron configuration of an atom of silicon?

1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p2

1. (4 points) What is the shorthand electron configuration of an atom of niobium (Nb)?

[Kr] 5s2 4d3

1. (4 points) How does atomic size change as you move across the periodic table to the right? What is the explanation for this change?

The sizes of the atoms decrease as you move across the periodic table to the right. This is because the effective nuclear charge increases due to the increase in the number of protons in the nucleus. These protons are not effectively shielded so the outermost electrons tend to feel most of their charge.

Chemistry 115 Name

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Quiz 6c (20 points) October 22, 2013

1. (4 points)How does an orbit differ from an orbital?

An orbit refers to the circular path that was originally proposed for an electrons location. An orbital is the refinement of that theory that instead proposes that an electron exists in a particular region in space called an orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 5f orbital?

Only 2 electrons can occupy any orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 2p sublevel?

6 electrons can occupy a p sublevel.

1. (4 points) What is the complete electron configuration of an atom of chlorine?

1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p5

1. (4 points) What is the shorthand electron configuration of an atom of Yttrium (Y)?

[Kr] 5s2 4d1

1. (4 points) How does atomic size change as you move across the periodic table to the right? What is the explanation for this change?

The sizes of the atoms decrease as you move across the periodic table to the right. This is because the effective nuclear charge increases due to the increase in the number of protons in the nucleus. These protons are not effectively shielded so the outermost electrons tend to feel most of their charge.

Chemistry 115 Name

Dr. Cary Willard

Quiz 6d (20 points) October 22, 2013

1. (4 points)How does an orbit differ from an orbital?

An orbit refers to the circular path that was originally proposed for an electrons location. An orbital is the refinement of that theory that instead proposes that an electron exists in a particular region in space called an orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 2p orbital?

Only 2 electrons can occupy any orbital.

1. (2 points) How many electrons can occupy a 5d sublevel?

10 electrons can occupy a d sublevel.

1. (4 points) What is the complete electron configuration of an atom of sulfur?

1s2 2s2 2p6 3s2 3p4

1. (4 points) What is the shorthand electron configuration of an atom of cadmium (Cd)?

[Kr] 5s2 4d10

1. (4 points) How does atomic size change as you move across the periodic table to the right? What is the explanation for this change?

The sizes of the atoms decrease as you move across the periodic table to the right. This is because the effective nuclear charge increases due to the increase in the number of protons in the nucleus. These protons are not effectively shielded so the outermost electrons tend to feel most of their charge.